Sliceline

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CONTENTS

Ind	dex	13
5	License 5.1 Slicefinder	11 11
4	Contributing	9
3	Useful links	7
2	Installation	5
1	Getting started	3

Sliceline is a Python library for fast slice finding for Machine Learning model debugging.

It is an implementation of SliceLine: Fast, Linear-Algebra-based Slice Finding for ML Model Debugging, from Svetlana Sagadeeva and Matthias Boehm of Graz University of Technology.

CONTENTS 1

2 CONTENTS

ONE

GETTING STARTED

Given an input dataset X and a model error vector errors, SliceLine finds the top slices in X that identify where a ML model performs significantly worse.

You can use sliceline as follows:

```
from sliceline.slicefinder import Slicefinder

slice_finder = Slicefinder()

slice_finder.fit(X, errors)

print(slice_finder.top_slices_)

X_trans = slice_finder.transform(X)
```

We invite you to check the demo notebooks for a more thorough tutorial:

- 1. Implementing Sliceline on Titanic dataset
- 2. Implementing Sliceline on California housing dataset

TWO

INSTALLATION

Sliceline is intended to work with **Python 3.7 or above**. Installation can be done with pip:

pip install sliceline

There are wheels available for Linux, MacOS, and Windows, which means that you most probably won't have to build Sliceline from source.

You can install the latest development version from GitHub as so:

pip install git+https://github.com/DataDome/sliceline --upgrade

Or, through SSH:

pip install git+ssh://git@github.com/datadome/sliceline.git --upgrade

THREE

USEFUL LINKS

- Documentation
- Package releases
- SliceLine paper

FOUR

CONTRIBUTING

Feel free to contribute in any way you like, we're always open to new ideas and approaches.

- Open a discussion if you have any question or enquiry whatsoever. It's more useful to ask your question in public rather than sending us a private email. It's also encouraged to open a discussion before contributing, so that everyone is aligned and unnecessary work is avoided.
- Feel welcome to open an issue if you think you've spotted a bug or a performance issue.

Please check out the contribution guidelines if you want to bring modifications to the code base.

FIVE

LICENSE

Sliceline is free and open-source software licensed under the 3-clause BSD license.

5.1 Slicefinder

class sliceline. **Slicefinder**(alpha: float = 0.6, k: int = 1, max_l : int = 4, min_sup : $int \mid float = 10$, verbose: bool = True)

Slicefinder class.

SliceLine is a fast, linear-algebra-based slice finding for ML Model Debugging.

Given an input dataset (X) and a model error vector (errors), SliceLine finds the k slices in X that identify where the model performs significantly worse. A slice is a subspace of X defined by one or more predicates. The maximal dimension of this subspace is controlled by max_l .

The slice scoring function is the linear combination of two objectives:

- Find sufficiently large slices, with more than min_sup elements (high impact on the overall model)
- With substantial errors (high negative impact on sub-group/model)

The importance of each objective is controlled through a single parameter *alpha*.

Slice enumeration and pruning techniques are done via sparse linear algebra.

5.1.1 Parameters

alpha: float, default=0.6

Weight parameter for the importance of the average slice error. 0 < alpha <= 1.

k: int, default=1

Maximum number of slices to return. Note: in case of equality between k-th slice score and the following ones, all those slices are returned, leading to $_n_features_out$ slices returned. ($_n_features_out >= k$)

max_l: int, default=4

Maximum lattice level. In other words: the maximum number of predicate to define a slice.

min sup: int or float, default=10

Minimum support threshold. Inspired by frequent itemset mining, it ensures statistical significance. If min_sup is a float $(0 < min_sup < 1)$, it represents the faction of the input dataset (X)

verbose: bool, default=True

Controls the verbosity.

5.1.2 Attributes

top_slices_: np.ndarray of shape (_n_features_out, number of columns of the input dataset)

The _n_features_out slices with the highest score. *None* values in slices represent unused column in the slice.

average_error_: float

Mean value of the input error.

5.1.3 References

SliceLine: Fast, Linear-Algebra-based Slice Finding for ML Model Debugging, from *Svetlana Sagadeeva* and *Matthias Boehm* of Graz University of Technology.

12 Chapter 5. License

INDEX

S

Slicefinder (class in sliceline), 11